WHAT IS CLAIMED IS

1. A immunoassay method for a sample comprising the steps of:

a. contacting the sample with a specific binding entity reactive to human iNOS; and

b. revealing the presences of human iNOS protein in said sample, said specific binding entity recognizing a region of human iNOS protein.

2. The method of claim 1 in which said specific binding entity is selected from the group consisting of: monoclonal antibodies, oligonucleotides, polymers as artificial antibodies, and phage display binding sites.

3. The method of claim 1 in which said region of human iNOS protein is selected from the group consisting of the loci: A-3, A-4, A3 & A4, F6, G11, and H1.

4. The method of claim 1 in which said immunoassay is competitive from the group comprising: direct, indirect, capture, competitive binding, and displacement.

5. The method of claim 1 in which said immunoassay is a clinical diagnostic assay.

The method of claim 1 in which said step of revealing the presence of human iNOS protein is a qualitative analysis.

The method of claim 1 in which said step of **evealing* the presence of human iNOS is a quantitative analysis.

An immunoassay method for a sample comprising the steps of:

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contacting the sample with a specific reactive to mimics of human in OS protein;

revealing the presence of human iNOS protein in said sample, said specific binding entity being reactive to mimics of a region of human iNOS protein.

monoclonal antibode The method of claim 8 in which said specific binding entity is selected from the groups consisting of: peptides, recombinant peptides, fusion proteins, fusion peptides, phage displayed proteins, phage displayed peptides, peptide libraries, and peptide analogue libraries.

The method of claim 8 in which said region of human iNOS protein is selected from the group consisting of the loci: A-3, A-4, A3 & A4, F6, G11, and H1.

The method of claim & in which said immunoassay is 20 11. consisting exentially & selected from the group comprising: direct, indirect, capture,

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12. The method of claim I in which said immunoassay is a clinical diagnostic assay.

13. The method of claim 8 in which said step of comprises revealing the presence of human inos protein is a qualitative analysis.

detecting 14. The method of claim 8 in which said step of comprises the presence of human inos is a quantitative analysis.

15. The method of claim 8 in which said specific binding entity is any one of the peptide analogues of Table VII.

16. The method of claim 8 in which said specific binding entity is any one of the peptide analogues of Table IX.

17. The assay of claim 8 which is of the type selected from the group consisting of: IFA, linear or radial flow, Western Blot, ELISA, dip stick, fluorescent polarization, enzyme capture, and RIA.

18. The assay of claim 1 which is of the type selected from the group consisting of: IFA, linear or radial flow, Western Blot, ELISA, dip stick, fluorescent polarization, enzyme capture,

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20. The method of claim 16 in which said specific binding entity is a peptide analogue having the sequence:

21. A immunoassay for a sample comprising;

monoclonal antibody

a. a specific binding entity reactive to human inos; and

b. a vehicle for revealing the presence of human iNOS according to said specific binding entity recognizing a region of human iNOS protein.

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